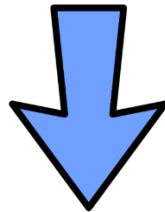


COMPLIANCE OFFICER



MISLEADING CONDUCT

Example:

Any of the above Disability Applicants depicted in the above illustration can be potential *TARGETS* of the Compliance Officer.

“Neither must the target be scheduled to testify at the time of the offense nor must he or she actually give testimony at a later time. It is only necessary that there is a possibility that the target of the defendant's activities be called on to testify in an official proceeding.”

-The Court of Appeals.

If a defendant lies to a Target hoping the Target will believe his story, this is misleading conduct.

Any act interfering with administration of justice constitutes obstruction. *No official proceeding needs to be pending.* This law applies to all businesses.

For instance, let's say that the Compliance Officer in a written denial letter to the Disability Applicant states that his/her records have been reviewed by “EXPERTS” in the fields of learning disabilities and mental disorders and do not qualify for exam accommodations because his/her disability does not substantially limit them in a *major life activity*. If the disability candidates' file is never reviewed by such experts does this constitute misleading conduct?

The Compliance Officer misleads the Disability Applicant expecting that he/she will believe his story as true and move on without the much needed accommodation that he/she required for success. The Compliance Officer knows that the Disability Applicant will likely never get to see his/her reviews by the “Experts” in the field of Learning Disorders and Mental Disabilities that were supposedly consulted, as this is not available and never made available to the Applicant. This is unless his/her case happens to appear in front of a Court of law and these reports are obtained. In essence the Disability Applicant falls victim to the falsification of a record and as a result never obtains the justice that he/she required or deserved for success and individual career goals are never achieved.

Obstruction of Justice is a broad concept that extends to any effort to prevent the execution of lawful process or the administration of justice in either criminal or *civil matters.*

In the November 2011 United States Government Accountability Office (GAO) Report to Congressional Requesters entitled: **HIGHER EDUCATION AND DISABILITY Improved**

Federal Enforcement Needed to Better Protect Students' Rights to Testing Accommodations GAO states:

“Since we found testing companies believe their practices are already in compliance with the new regulatory requirements, it is unclear whether these changes will better protect the rights of students with disabilities. **In order to ensure individuals with disabilities have equal opportunity to pursue their education and career goals, it is imperative for Justice (DOJ) to establish a credible enforcement presence to detect, correct, and prevent violations.**”

This report goes on to say:

“Given the critical role that standardized tests play in making decisions on higher education admissions, licensure, and job placement, federal laws require that individuals with disabilities are able to access these tests in a manner that allows them to accurately demonstrate their skill level. **Test takers and disability advocates continue to raise questions about whether testing companies are complying with the law in making their determinations.**”

References:

1. <http://www.armstrongteasdale.com/ClientAlerts/GoodLivingUnderTheNewObstructionOfJusticeLaw-may04.pdf>
2. <http://www.nytimes.com/1999/01/16/us/the-trial-of-the-president-applying-witness-tampering-in-civil-cases.html>
3. <http://www.wholechildeducation.org/blog/self-selecting-real-world-learning-communities>
4. <http://www.gao.gov/assets/590/587367.pdf>
5. 329 U.S.C. § 794.
6. 442 U.S.C. § 12189. Section 309 is found in Title III of the ADA,